





N () MAD D. OPERATION MANUAL

CAUTIONS - READ FIRST



CAUTION: Do not apply compressed air to the exhaust port - pump will not function.

CAUTION: Do not over-lubricate air supply – excess lubrication will reduce pump performance. Pump is pre-lubed.

TEMPERATURE LIMITS:

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Neoprene -17.7°C to 93.3°C 0°F to 200°F -12.2°C to 82.2°C 10°F to 180°F Buna-N EPDM -15.1°C to 137.8°C -60°F to 280°F NOTE: Not all materials are available for all models. Refer to Section 2 for material options for your pump.

CAUTION: Check temperature limits for all wetted components. Example: Viton® has a maximum limit of 176.7°C (350°F) but polypropylene has a maximum limit of only 79°C (175°F).

CAUTION: Maximum temperature limit are based upon mechanical stress only. Certain chemicals will significantly reduce maximum safe operating temperatures.



WARNING: Prevention of static parking – if static B sparking occurs, fire or explosion could result. Pump, valves, and containers must be grounded to a proper grounding point when handling flammable fluids and whenever discharge of static electricity is a hazard.



CAUTION: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125psig) air supply pressure.



CAUTION: The process fluid and cleaning fluids must be chemically compatible with all wetted pump components.



CAUTION: Do not exceed 82°C (180°F) air inlet temperature.



CAUTION: Pumps should be thoroughly flushed before installing into process lines.



CAUTION: Always wear safety glasses when operating pump. If diaphragm rupture occurs, material being pumped may be forced out air exhaust.

- **CAUTION:** Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, the compressed air line to the pump should be disconnected and all air pressure allowed to bleed from pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge and air lines. Drain the pump by turning it upside down and allowing any fluid to flow into a suitable container.
- **CAUTION:** Blow out air line for 10 to 20 seconds before attaching to pump to make sure all pipeline debris is clear. Use an in-line air filter. A 5µ (micron) air filter is recommended.

NOTE: When installing PTFE diaphragms, it is important to tighten outer pistons simultaneously (turning in opposite directions) to ensure a tight fit. (See torque specifications.)

NOTE: Before starting disassembly, mark a line from each liquid chamber to its corresponding air chamber. This line will assist in proper alignment during reassembly.



CAUTION: Tighten all hardware prior to installation.

Pump Designation System

Air Distribution System 7.8 12 ATEX Liquid Port Size Wetted Parts **Diaphragms & Valve Balls** 9 Valve Seats Fittings Connections 11 07mm/.25" Buna - N/ Nitrile Ν NPT Nomad Aluminum Aluminum C Clamped В Trans-Flo 15mm/.5" Ductile Nordel/EPDM **Stainless Steel** В BSP Bolted Gold 25mm/1" **Stainless Steel** Neoprene Buna - N/Nitrile TC Tri-Clamp FL Flanged Pwr-Flo 40mm/1.5" Polypropylene PTFE (with Neoprene back-up) Neoprene Nordel/EPDM Dura-Flo 50mm/2" Viton/FKM Air Chambers 80mm/3" Aluminum **Hytrel**[®] Viton 100mm/4" Ductile Santoprene[®] Santoprene **Stainless Steel** Santoprene® - UFI Hytrel Mild Steel **PTFE - Full Flow** Poly Garlock[®] - NEO BACKED Kynar **Center Block** Aluminum Garlock[®] - EPDM BACKED Polyurethane Polypropylene Garlock® - Viton BACKED 10 0-Ring Buna - N/Nitrile Air Valve Polyurethane Hytrel UFI Brass Neoprene Nordel/EPDM Poly Polyurethane UFI Viton PTFE

XXX, XX, / XXXX, / XX, / XX, / XXX, / XXX, / X/X

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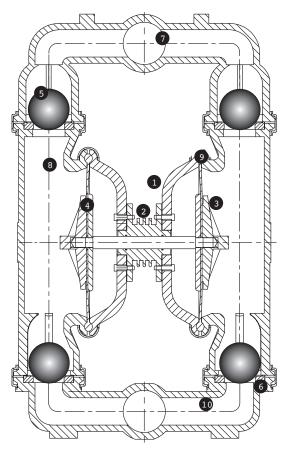
NTG 50 / **AAAB** / **TF** / **TF** / **ATF** / **N** / **C** / **X**

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	1	Air Distribution System	2	Liquid Port Size	3	Wetted Parts	7,8	Diaphragms & Valve Balls	9	Valve Seats	11	Fittings	12	Connections	13	ATEX
	N	Nomad	50	50mm/2″	A	Aluminum	TF	PTFE (with Buna back-up)	A	Aluminum	N	NPT	C	Clamped		
	T	Trans-Flo			4	Air Chambers			10	0-Ring						
	G	Gold			A	Aluminum			TF	PTFE						
					5	Center Block										
					A	Aluminum										
					6	Air Valve										

Brass

How It Works - Pump

The NOMAD diaphragm pump is an air-operated, positive displacement, self-priming pump. These drawings show flow pattern through the pump upon its initial stroke. It is assumed the pump has no fluid in it prior to its initial stroke.



1. Air Chamber

The air chamber is the chamber that houses the air which powers the diaphragms.

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2. Air Distribution System

The air distribution system is the heart of the pump. The air distribution system is the mechanism that shifts the pump in order to create suction and discharge strokes.

3. Lock Nut (Outer Diaphragm Piston)

The outer diaphragm pistons provide a means to connect the diaphragms to the reciprocating common shaft and to seal the liquid side from the air side of the diaphragm.

4. Holding plate (Inner Diaphragm Piston)

The inner piston is located on the air side of the pump and does not come into contact with the process fluid.

5. Check Valve Ball

NOMAD air-operated pumps use suction and discharge check valves to produce directional flow of process fluid in the liquid chamber. The check valve balls seal and release on the check valve seats allowing for discharge and suction of process fluid to occur.

6. Check Valve Seat

The removable seats provide the ball valves a site to check.

7. Discharge Manifold

Process fluid exits the pump from the discharge port located on the discharge manifold at the top of the pump.

8. Liquid Chamber

The liquid chamber is filled with the process fluid during the suction stroke and is emptied during the discharge stroke. It is separated from the compressed air by the diaphragms.

9. Diaphragm

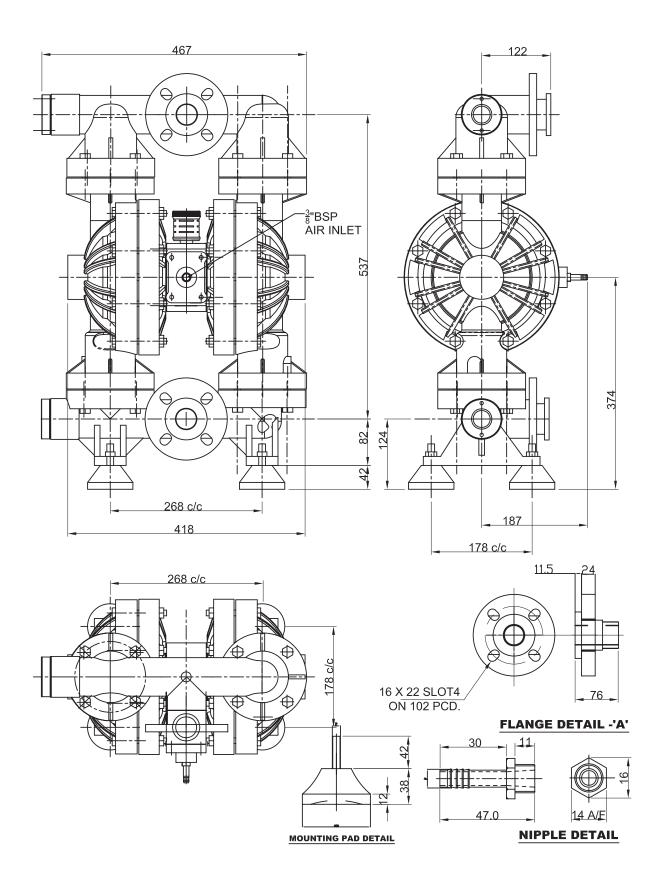
The diaphragm membrane provides for separation of the process fluid and the compressed air power source. To perform adequately, diaphragms should be of sufficient thickness and of appropriate material to prevent degradation or permeation in specific process fluid applications. NOMAD offers a variety of diaphragm materials for your specific application requirements.

10. Inlet Manifold

Process fluid enters the pump from the intake port located on the inlet manifold at the bottom of the pump.

Dimensional Drawings

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Parts Listing

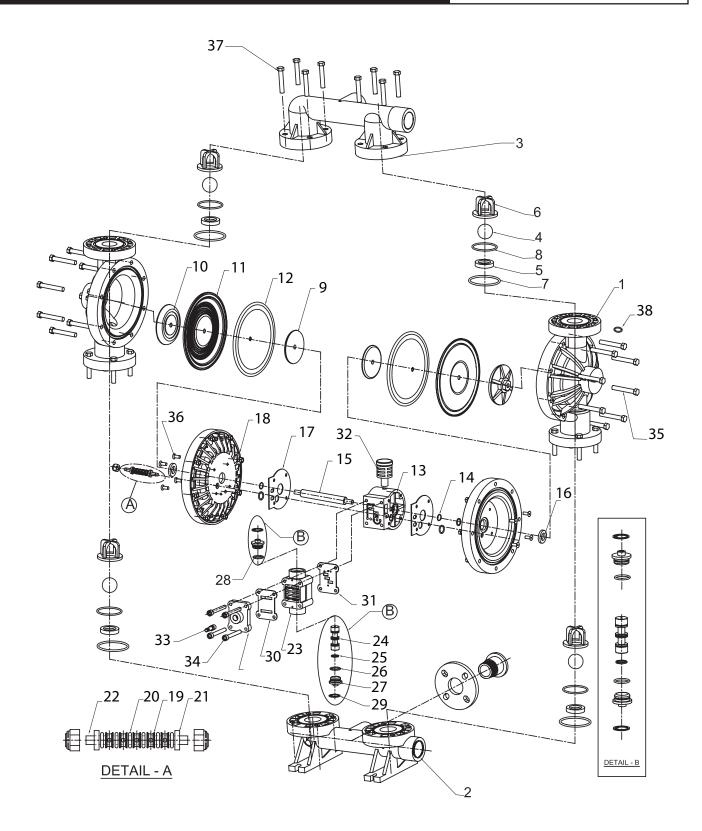
No.	Part Description	Qty.	Teflon-Fitted	Santoprene-Fitted
1	Liquid Chamber	2	T40-5005-20	
2	Inlet Manifold	1	T40-5300-20	
3	Discharge Manifold	1	T40-5200-20	
4	Valve Ball	4	N050-042-600	
5	Valve Seat	4	T40-1120-20	
6	Ball Cage	4	T40-5710-20	
7	Seat O-Ring (L)	4	T40-1204-55	
8	Seat O-Ring (S)	4	T40-1203-55	
9	Inner Piston	2	T40-3710-01	
10	Outer Piston	2	T40-4600-20	T40-4550-20
11	Diaphragm	2	N04-1010-55	N04-1010-58
12	Back-Up Diaphragm	2	N04-1060-55	
13	Center Block	1	T40-3110-23	
14	Center Block O-Ring	2	T40-1300-51	
15	Shaft	1	T40-3820-59	T40-3800-59
16	Main Shaft Buffer	2	T40-6700-51	
17	Air Chamber Gasket	2	T40-3210-60	
18	Air Chamber	2	T40-3620-20	
19	Pilot Bushing	5	T40-3411-07	
20	Pilot Bushing O-Ring	6	T40-1312-51	
21	Pilot Bushing Ring	3	T40-3412-07	
22	Pilot Shaft	1	T40-3410-03	
23	Air Valve Assembly	1	T40-2000-23	
24	Air Valve Pilot Shaft	1	T40-2010-01	
25	Piston O-Ring	3	T40-1310-51	
26	End Cap O-Ring	2	T40-1315-51	
27	End Cap w/o Guide	1	T40-2510-23	
28	End Cap w/ Guide	1	T40-2310-23	
29	Snap Ring	2	T40-2410-61	
30	Air Valve Gasket	1	T40-2600-60	
31	Center Block Gasket	1	T40-3210-60	
32	Muffler	1	T40-3500-23	
33	Air Nipple	1	T40-8200-23	
34	Air Valve Bolts	4	T40-6000-08	
35	Liquid Chamber Bolts	16	T40-6191-03	
36	Air Chamber Bolts	8	T40-6190-08	
37	Manifold Bolts	16	T40-6181-03	
38	Washer	48	T40-6732-03	

Note 1: Nomad Parts ("N" Pre-fix) used where interchangeable

Note 2: For BSP, consult factory

Exploded View

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Directions for Disassembly and Reassembly

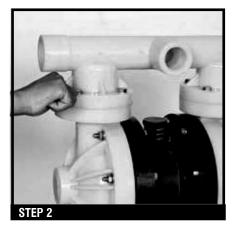
CAUTION:

Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, the compressed air line to the pump should be disconnected and all air pressure allowed to bleed from the pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge, and air lines. Drain the pump by turning it upside down and allowing any fluid to flow into a suitable container. Be aware of any hazardous effects of contact with your process fluid.

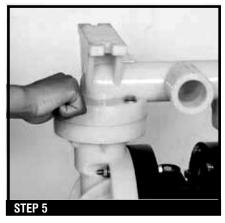
The **TABLA D/L 40**has a 40 mm (1.5") inlet and outlet. 1.5" BSP connection

TOOLS REQUIRED:

- Wrench
- Allen Wrench
- Adjustable Wrench
- Adjustable Spanner
- Vise equipped with soft jaws (such as plywood, plastic or other suitable material)



Utilizing a wrench, remove the bolts that fasten the discharge manifold to the liquid chambers.



Remove the bolts which fasten the suction manifold to the liquid chambers.



STEP 3

Lift away the discharge manifold to expose the valve balls and seats.



Remove the discharge valve balls, O-rings and seats (Fig 4) from the liquid chambers and inspect for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear. Replace worn parts with genuine TABLA parts for reliable performance.

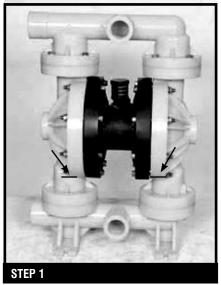


Lift suction manifold form liquid chambers and ceme section to expose intake valve balls and seat. Inspect ball cagreea of liquid chamber for excessive wear and damage.



Remove the discharge valve balls, O-rings and seats (Fig 7) from the liquid chambers and inspect for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear. Replace worn parts with genuine TABLA parts for reliable performance.

DISASSEMBLY



Before starting disassembly, mark a line form each liquid chamber to its corresponding air chambe. This line will assist in poper alignment duringeassembly.

Directions for Disassembly and Reassembly

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Remove one set of clamps, which secue one liquid chamber to the center section



Lift liquid chamber away fom center section to expose diaphragm and outer piston



Using an adjustable wench, or by rotating the diaphragm by hand, remove the diaphragm assembly.



- NOTE: Due to varying torque values, one of the following two situations may occur:
- 1) The lock nut (outer piston), diaphragm and holding plate (inner piston) remain attached to the shaft and the entire assembly can be removed from the center section (Fig 10).
- 2) The lock nut (outer piston), diaphragm and holding plate (inner piston) separate from the shaft which remains connected to the opposite side diaphragm assembly (Fig 10). Repeat disassembly instructions for the opposite liquid chamber. Inspect diaphragm assembly and shaft for signs of wear or chemical attack. Replace all worn parts with genuine TABLA parts for reliable performance.



To remove diaphragm assembly form shaft, secure shaft with soft jaws (a vise fitted with plywood or other suitable material) to ensue shaft is not nicked, scratched, or gouged. Using an adjustable wench or by hand, emove diaphragm assembly form shaft. Inspect all pats for wear and replace with genuine TABLA pats if necessary.

REASSEMBLY

Upon performing applicable maintenance to the air distribution system, the pump can now begassembled. Please refer to the disassembly instructions for photos and parts placement. To reassemble the pump, follow the disassembly instructions in everse order. The air distribution system needs to be assembled first, then the diaphragms and finally the wetted pats. Please find the applicable torque specifications on this page. The following tips will assist in the assembly process.

- Clean the inside of the center section shaft bushing to ensure no damage is done to new seals.
- Stainless bolts should be lubed to reduce the possibility of seizing during tightening.
- Ensure proper alignment on the sealing surfaces of intake and discharge manifolds.
- Liquid chambers are easier to attach when the diaphragm is inverted. Prior to attaching the second water chamber, push diaphragm assembly so that it is as close as possible to the center section.
- PVDF pumps require Teflon® gasket kits for improved sealing. Gasket kits may be installed on other pumps where sealing is an issue.

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Directions for Disassembly and Reassembly

TOOLS REQUIRED:

- Adjustable Spanner
- 1/4" Spanner
- 5/16" Spanner
- Circlip Plyer
- · Vise equipped with soft jaws
- (such as plywood, plastic or other suitable material)



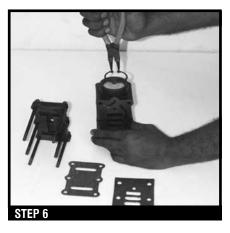
Remove the diaphragm & lock nut If diaphragm are damaged replace them (always replace both the diaphragm).



Remove the piston bloc $\mathbf{b}\mathbf{f}\mathbf{n}$ the shaft block by opening the 4 holding bolts



Now check the centre block i.e. air valve with air cover Take out main shaft, replace If worn out or scored. Check shaft block bush 'O' rings, replace If worn out.



Remove the piston $\ensuremath{\mathsf{cirlips}}$, check piston block gasket $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ath}}$ piston block $\ensuremath{\mathsf{cove}}$.

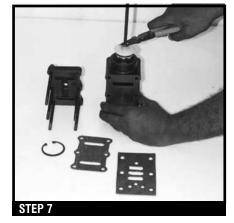
DISASSEMBLY



Remove the locknuts (outer piston) with the help of a Bench wice



Remove pilot shaft by unscrewing two nylock nuts if found damage replace them.



Remove piston block cap by help and holding bolts. Check the 'O' rings. Replace if worn out or damaged.

Directions for Disassembly and Reassembly





Remove the piston. Check Piston rings. Clean the piston with solvent.

STEP 11

Pilot bushes with rings and 'O' rings.



Remove air cover if required. Change gasket if Required.



Check the air covers and shaft block gaskets. If found damaged, replace them.



Remove the pilot bushes. **C**eck the 'O' rings. Replace if worn out or damaged.

ASSEMBLY

For assembly, follow the reverse procedure.



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NO BOUNDARIES